15 April 1945

EQUIPMENT ERAFICE

MAINTENANCE SECTION

## C 1-

## VE-DAY ROUTHWAT ASSUMPTIONS

- 1. Based upon informal discussions with Major Sampson, the following general assumptions are made:
- a. Contrary to certain previous assumptions, it is believed that TM-Day will not present any serious problems on the handling and reconditioning of those cryptographic equipments for which the Signal Security Agency is responsible.
- ). Reconditioning and storage of SIGABA, SIGCUM, and possibly the 151 equipment, would appear to be the principal items for consideration on TE-Day and Period 1.
- e. It is anticipated that eventual Pacific requirements for exprographic equipments will be equal to and/or probably greater than the current MTO requirement, with considerable emphasis on radio communication.
- 6. It is assumed that WO LARCE SCALE REQUIREMENT FOR RECOMDITIONED OKYPTOGRAPHIC EQUIPMENTS WILL BE EVIDENCED FOR THE FIRST SIX (6) MONTHS OF PERIOD 1. However, in the event of a surge of Pacific requisitions for this period, it is anticipated that the following reserves will "hold the line" until such time as reconditioned machines become available.

ve.	SIGABA	BIGGUM
YAULY	288	180 (71 of this number must be converted from synchronous to universal operation.)
SWPA	*	261
POA	- Quantitu forth	conuty X
TTT CORP.	500 (Increments of t per month. Tot delivery to be completed Oct	SO None
TIT CORP.	(700) (Future contraction)	it Sone

Teletype Corporation may be considered as a second source for reconditioning STGANA and SIGCOM equipment only when they complete their current contract for SIGANA's (October 1945), and if they have no further contracts for producing the equipment at that time.

- A. SIGJIP does not constitute a major problem at this time because of the limited number of sets in the MTO. In addition, that theater has been requested to return their 62 sets to the SSA. At the present time there are 61 SIGJIP's in the SSA vault, and 500 on order. Potential SIGJIP problems are contingent upon determination of the pending AGF requirements. It is to be noted that if the classification of the subject device is reduced to RESTRICTED the SSA will have minimum responsibility for the device insofar as equipment maintenance is concerned.
- 5. It is contemplated that SIGSALY activities will remain substantially unchanged in Period 1 (Capt. Beswick). Period 5 and/or Period 4 storage of the equipment at SSA is not considered feasible when the 50 tons per terminal weight is considered. New Cumberland might be considered as the location for final storage.
- 4. Until such time at the SSA should receive a directive indicating responsibility for the reconditioning of the Converter M-20%, it is considered inadvisable to go into the matter, or to formulate Period 1 plans. At the present time Storage & Issue Agency is responsible for procurement, storage, and issue of the subject device, and the several Signal Depots are responsible for its maintenance.
- 5. Providing the AB/GSQ-B is not produced in greater quantities than the contemplating six (6) terminals, final storage could be effected at the BSA warehouse.
- for reconditioning and transhipment to the Pacificen be adequately handled insofar as physical facilities are concerned. It is assumed that much of the storage required will be of a transient type, i. e., equipment will be received, reconditioned, reshipped immediately, or reshipped after a short storage period. In the event that SGA vault space is not available for the transient storage of these devices, it is recommended that the equipments be stored at convenient locations within Operations A building, utilizing a procedure similar to that now being followed by Distribution Section for evernight storage.
- T. Section Y-5, Maintenance Unit. has a personnel strength of 55, of which approximately 10 are qualified for SIGABA maintenance, 10 qualified for SIGCUM maintenance, and the remaining 15 being engaged in administration, supervision, and miscellaneous maintenance such as SWOOSE, SIGNIM, SIGNODO, SIGTOT tape production maintenance, and Security Division Teletalk maintenance, etc. Assuming that 2/5 of the 749 SIGABA's now in 200 are to be returned to the SSA for reconditioning, it is anticipated that the 10 SIGABA maintenance men spending an average of four (4) days on each machine could complete a reasonable reconditioning job on the 800 SIGABA's in approximately six (8) months. It is believed that the SIGCUM maintenance force could accomplish reconditioning of 2/3 of the \$15 SIGCUM's now in ETO in about 1/2 the time required for SIGABA reconditioning. The 200 SIGABA's and 141 SIGCOM's in MTO have not been taken into consideration in the above calculations; their inclusion would add approximately one (1) month to the reconditioning time. Although replacement part stock reserves for the above equipments have been gradually increased over the past two years, shortages of certain items might cause delays in the reconditioning process at the outset; however, it is believed that Teletype Corporation can be geared to

greater spare parts production when required. Such a requirement will probably soincide with a reduction in production of complete equipments.

- 8. As for pariods 2-5-4 it may be envisioned that that portion of the SSA warehouse now utilized by "G" Branch will be available for equipment storage. Thus SIGABA, SIGCUM, SIGNIR, and similar, or smaller equipments may be stored at the SSA without extensive preparation therefor.
- \*As indicated in paragraph is above it is assumed that the Pacific requirement for radio communication will be considerably increased. It is believed that SIOTOT, which is rather inflexible, and SIOCOM which can be used for highly classified traffic, only upon specific authorization, are not the answer to the problem. Although the TO SIOJODO's authorized by General Stoner would help considerably in the handling of the increased volume of secret radio traffic, thought should be given towards requesting General Stoner to reconsider the limited quantity of the SIOJODO's now authorized. It would appear that the device is one answer to the fairly immediate problem of increasing radio traffic, and that no other available device even approaches satisfying the potential requirement.
- 10. A potential VE-Day problem arises in connection with 151 equipment. General Stoner's memo of 27 November 1945 gives no clear cut indication of the responsibility for WE-Day and Period 1 reconditioning of the subject equipment, vis "---Plant Engineering Agency will be responsible for procurement and initial storage and the issue of such equipment to Signal Security Agency for final preparation and issue. -- It is to be noted that upon receipt of the subject equipment by the SSA it automatically becomes an item of cryptographic issue insofar as distribution is concerned, and as such, under existing practices, is returned to the SSA by cryptographic holders for necessary reconditioning etc. Should this practice be continued on VR-Day the folume of work would necessitate an increase of the Maintenance Section personnel and space, obvicting an adjustment of the assumptions made in paragraph la above. Major Sampson is taking steps to clarify this notential question of division of responsibility in erder that plans may be made to cope with the additional work load should the SSA be charged ith the 181 equipment reconditioning responsibility.

- SECRET

75 April 1945

EQUIPMENT BRANCH

PROCUREMENT SECTION

CRIPTOGRAPHIC EQUIPMENT RESERVES:

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